

Emergency Homelessness Services Review Update

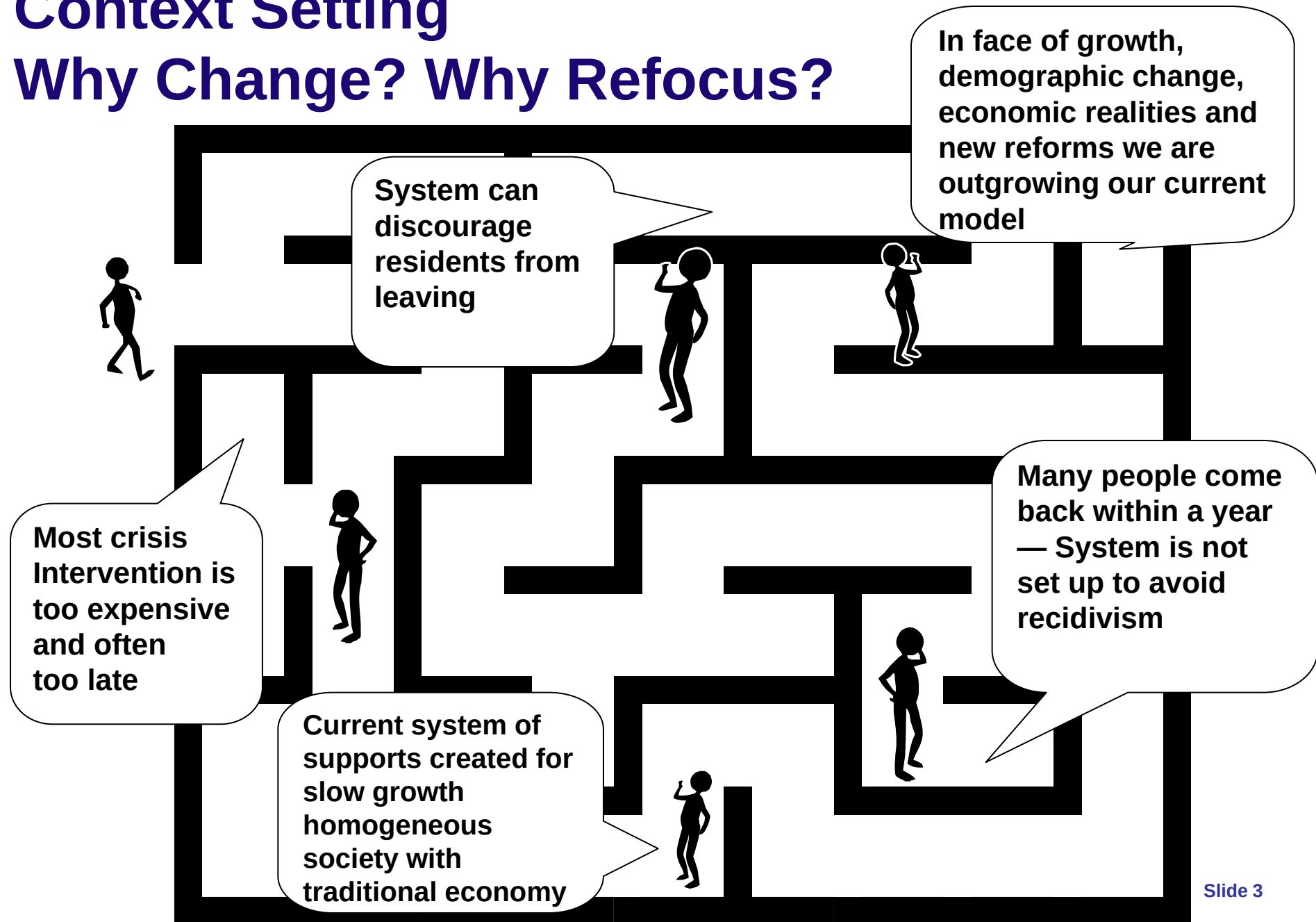
Community & Health Services
Committee
June 20, 2012

Overview

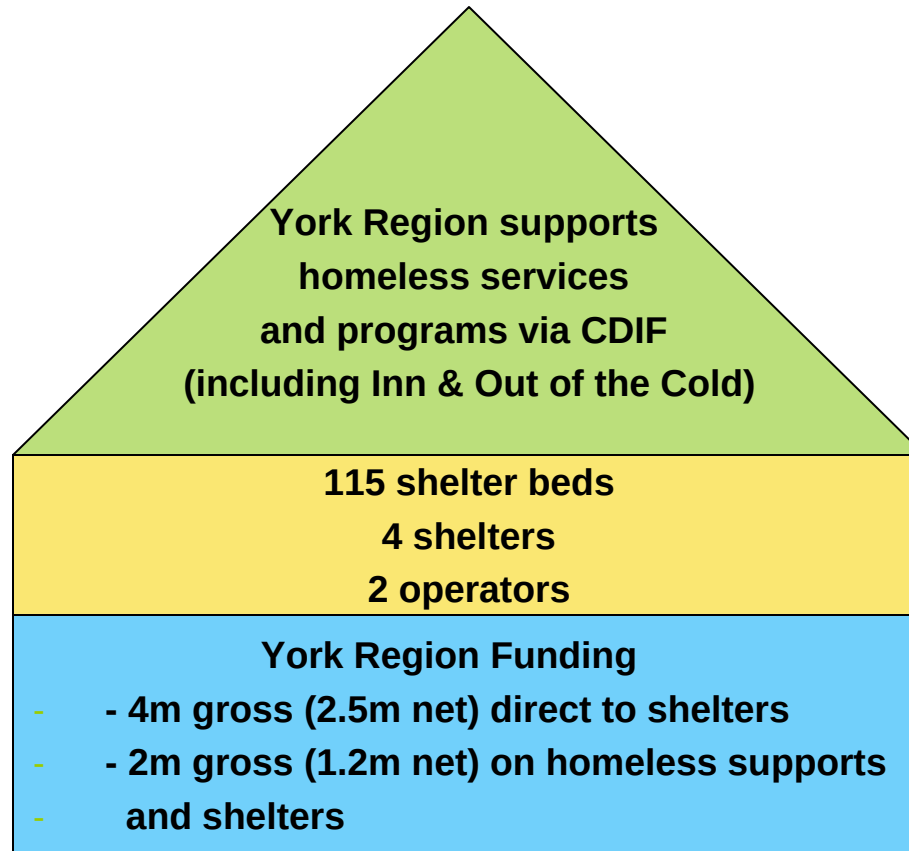
- ❑ Review of Housing stability and homelessness services in York Region.
- ❑ Effective practices in preventing and reversing homelessness
- ❑ Recommendations for operational system reforms.
- ❑ Immediate Next Steps

Context Setting

Why Change? Why Refocus?



Context Setting – York Region Funded Emergency Shelters & Homeless Supports



Context: Key Barriers to Moving from Crisis Intervention Approach

- ❑ Patchwork of funding with various streams and time consuming processes for providers
- ❑ Need clarity of expectations and accountabilities internally and externally
- ❑ Lack of key data/information on clients and services
- ❑ Access to services is not client centred

Methodology and Purpose of Review

1. Review of York Region regionally funded shelters & homelessness services:

- ❑ Extensive literature review, interviews in York Region & other jurisdictions
- ❑ Successes and service gaps
- ❑ Homelessness prevention initiatives and where shelters fit

2. Inform York Region of:

- ❑ Best practices of other municipalities
- ❑ Options to strengthen services and address gaps
- ❑ Opportunities to collaborate
- ❑ Ways to better align funding and administration

Risks to Housing Stability in York Region

1. Availability of affordable housing
2. Incomes
 - . Most low-income home-owners and more than half of tenants are at high risk of losing their housing because of these two factors alone
3. Being a resident:
 - . With a disability, mental illness or addiction
 - . Who is young, a new comer, a woman, a racial minority or non-christian

Services in York Region – Assets

York Region provides funding for:

- ❑ Drop-ins and emergency shelters (CDIF & SS)
- ❑ Housing help – assistance to find sustainable housing, and ongoing support to achieve housing stability (CDIF, H<C, SS)
- ❑ Financial assistance to pay rent, heating/electricity, etc. (HPP, Province)
- ❑ Income support such as OW, ODSP (SS & Province)
- ❑ Tenant advocacy (H<C & CDIF)
- ❑ ID clinics – a first step for people to get community services, bank accounts, etc. (CDIF)
- ❑ Meal programs (CDIF)
- ❑ Health Promotion/Public Health (Public Health)

Services in York Region – Gaps

Rate of growth, need and complexity of need does not match capacity of system

Funding for Emergency Shelter Core Services

	Population (2006)	Social housing ratio	Total #Shelter Beds and Ratio	Funding for core services
York Region	931,874	21 units/000 households	103(year round) beds 11 beds/100,000 people	Basic per diem plus bridge funding
Toronto	2,583,281	84 units/1000 households	3850 beds 154 beds/100,000 people	Per diem - City pays more than its 20% share to increase the total bed/per night. Varies by shelter.
Peel	1,159,405	37 units/1000 households	391 beds 34 beds/100,000 people	Block funding negotiated directly with shelter (higher than per diem would be)
Halton	439,256	26 units/1000 households	70 beds 16 beds/100,000 Per diem	Basic per diem plus \$60,000 for capacity not occupancy
Hamilton	504,550	69 units/1000 households	350 beds 70 beds/100,000 people	Piloting new approach with MCSS
Waterloo	478,121	44 units/1000 households	148 beds 31 beds/100,000 people Per diem	Basic per diem – operators told they will likely have to raise about 50% of operating expenses;
Calgary	988,193	N/A	1937 beds 197 beds/100,000 people	Directly from Province (Alberta)

Services in York Region - Gaps

Other Key Gaps

❑ System:

- ❑ System leadership/Direction
- ❑ Affordable and supported housing
- ❑ Health care – physical, mental, addiction services
- ❑ Siloed delivery services
- ❑ Transportation

❑ Administration:

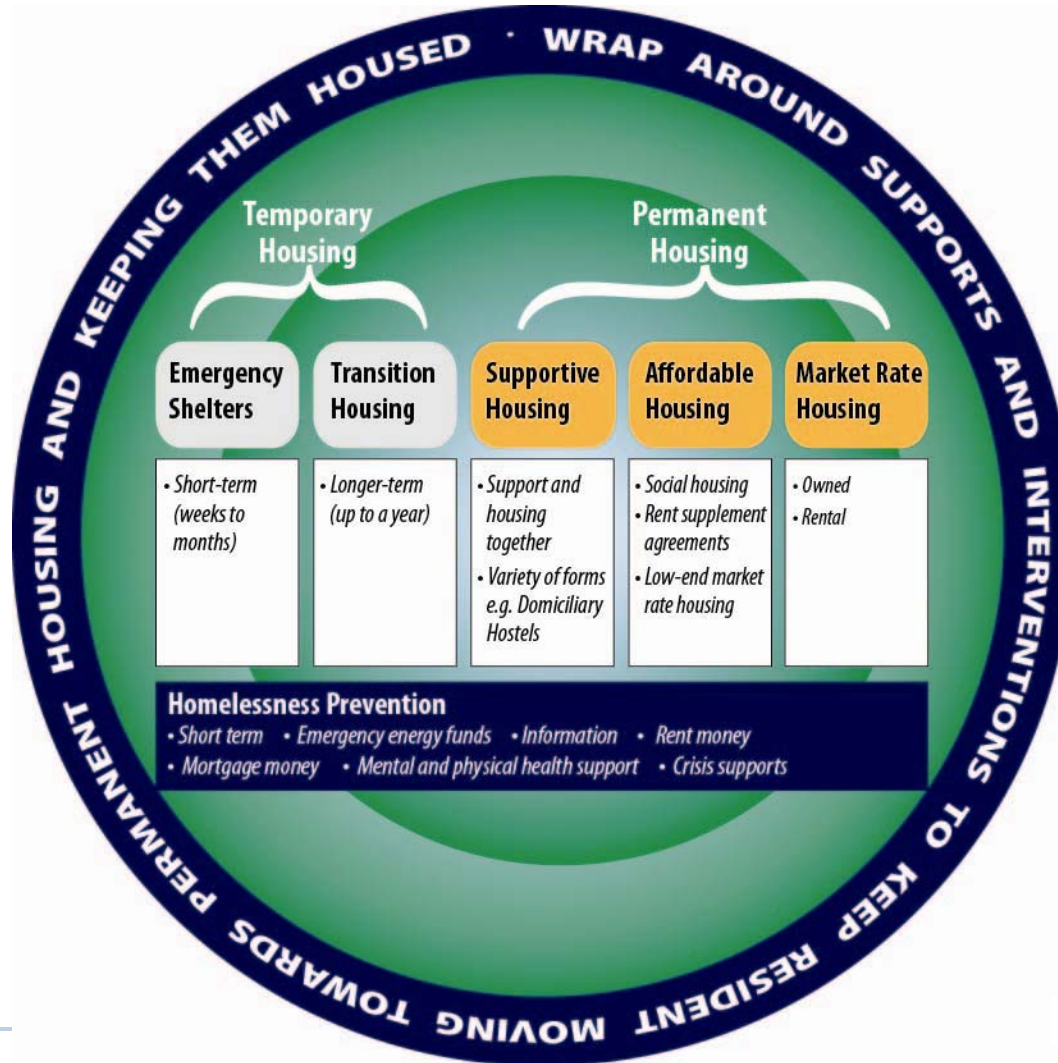
- ❑ Staff resources and capacity
- ❑ Clear regional standards, expectations, administration, funding
- ❑ Data – collection and sharing
- ❑ Client Intake process and technology

Best Practices – What Works

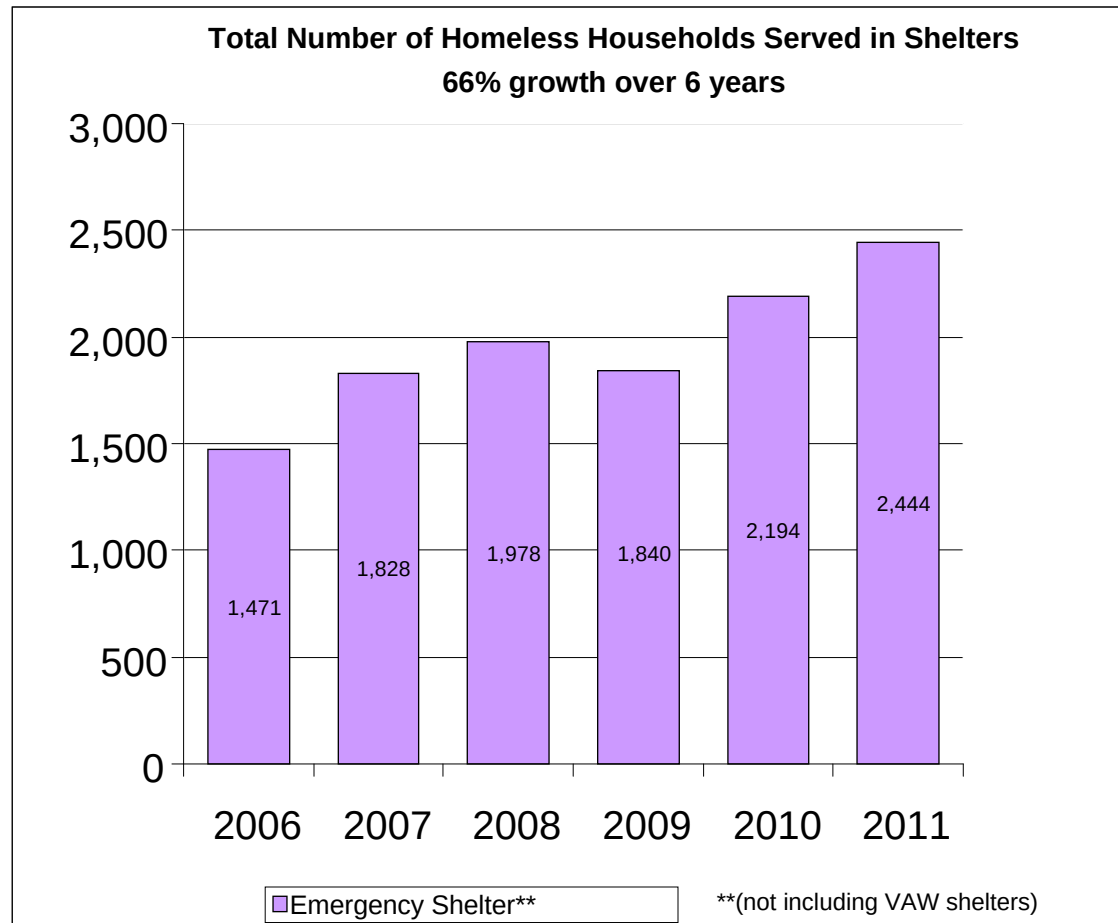
- ❑ Vision/goal and focus on homelessness
- ❑ Long-term plan with measurable outcomes
- ❑ Engage stakeholders in planning and in funding solution
- ❑ Distinguish amongst different levels of service need (e.g. persistent versus first time)
- ❑ Invest in affordable housing and prevention services
- ❑ Develop strategies for distinct sub-populations (families, youth)
- ❑ Know who you've got – client intake and information
- ❑ Collect and use client service data to set directions, measure programs, invest and work the system

Response to Consultant's Report

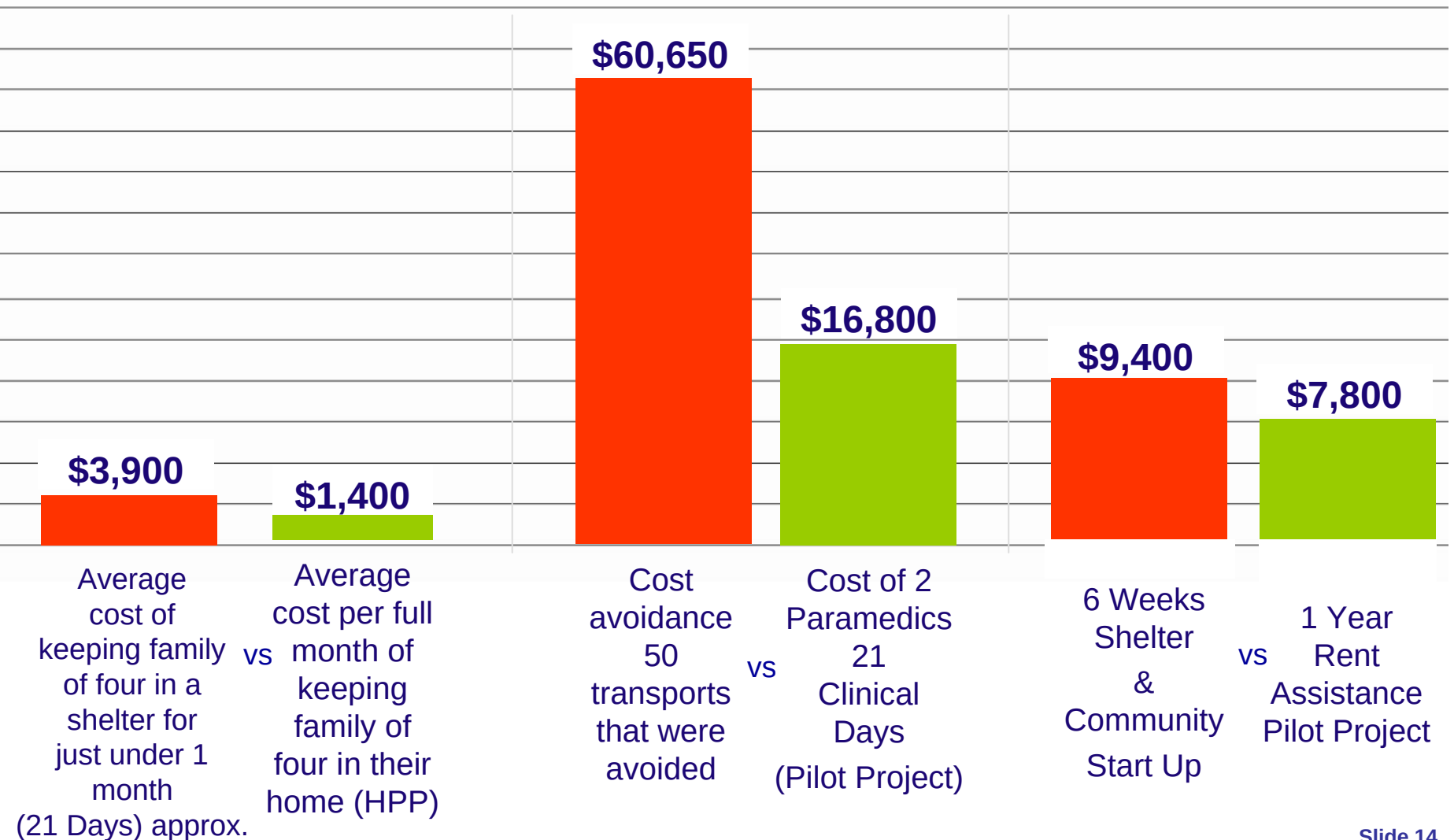
Proposed Vision/Direction – Prevention Focused



Visible Homelessness Is Growing



Cost/Benefit of Homelessness Prevention and Collaborative Shelter Supports vs. Crisis Interventions



How Investing in Knitting Resources Together Can Help

“Anthony” living at home with his elderly mother has a major violent episode (due to medication change).

NOW

- Family calls Police
- Police bring Anthony to Emergency Shelter
- Anthony acts out at Shelter
- Police called again and take Anthony to hospital
- Discharged same day to back Emergency Shelter
- Stays in Shelter for 6 weeks
- Re-housed in community without linkages to supports
- Unable to maintain housing independently in community and enters shelter again
- Won't accept supports and condition worsens
- Leaves shelter, York Region loses track of Anthony
- In system, but not tracked

Cost: over \$4,000+

With Central Intake

- Family contacts Central Intake
- Client immediate needs assessed, family given information and supports
- Client referred to community mental health supports (e.g. crisis bed)
- Client stabilized and returns home with supports
- Client's information retained so adequate supports can be provided as needed by any provider

Cost (approx.) \$750

Moving Forward

Short Term – Now to November 2013

- ❑ Confirm goal/vision (June), prevention first and supported transition
- ❑ Create long term plan to address housing & homelessness (underway)
- ❑ Re-structure Social Services (underway)
- ❑ Consolidate homelessness funding & administration under one branch
- ❑ Consult with operators, stakeholders, staff on collaborative solutions to remodel systems (Summer 2012)
- ❑ Model new shelters on new vision/goals (underway)
- ❑ Present operational system progress and recommendations to Committee/Council – Fall/Winter 2012/2013

Program Reform Priorities

Medium to Long Term – 2013 to 2015

- ❑ Regional Data Collection Solution
- ❑ Revised Operator Agreements
- ❑ Exploring Central Intake point
- ❑ Explore solutions to resource/capacity gap for service providers.
- ❑ Model shelters and programs on vision goals

Immediate Next Steps

- ❑ Report back on findings and recommendations to stakeholders – May 2012
- ❑ Consult as part of Housing & Homelessness Community Consultations – Summer 2012
- ❑ Present operational system progress and recommendations to Committee/Council – Fall/Winter 2012/2013